

USDA Influenza A Virus Surveillance Program in Swine

Presented to:

OFFLU SWINE INFLUENZA GROUP

MARCH 19, 2014



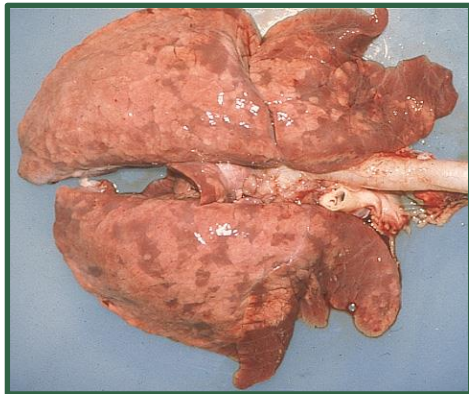
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3 Streams:

1. Sick pig submissions – NAHLN system – 99+%
2. Pigs related to PH investigations of novel flu cases
3. Swine exhibiting ILI at commingling events such as auctions, markets, fairs, or other swine exhibition events.



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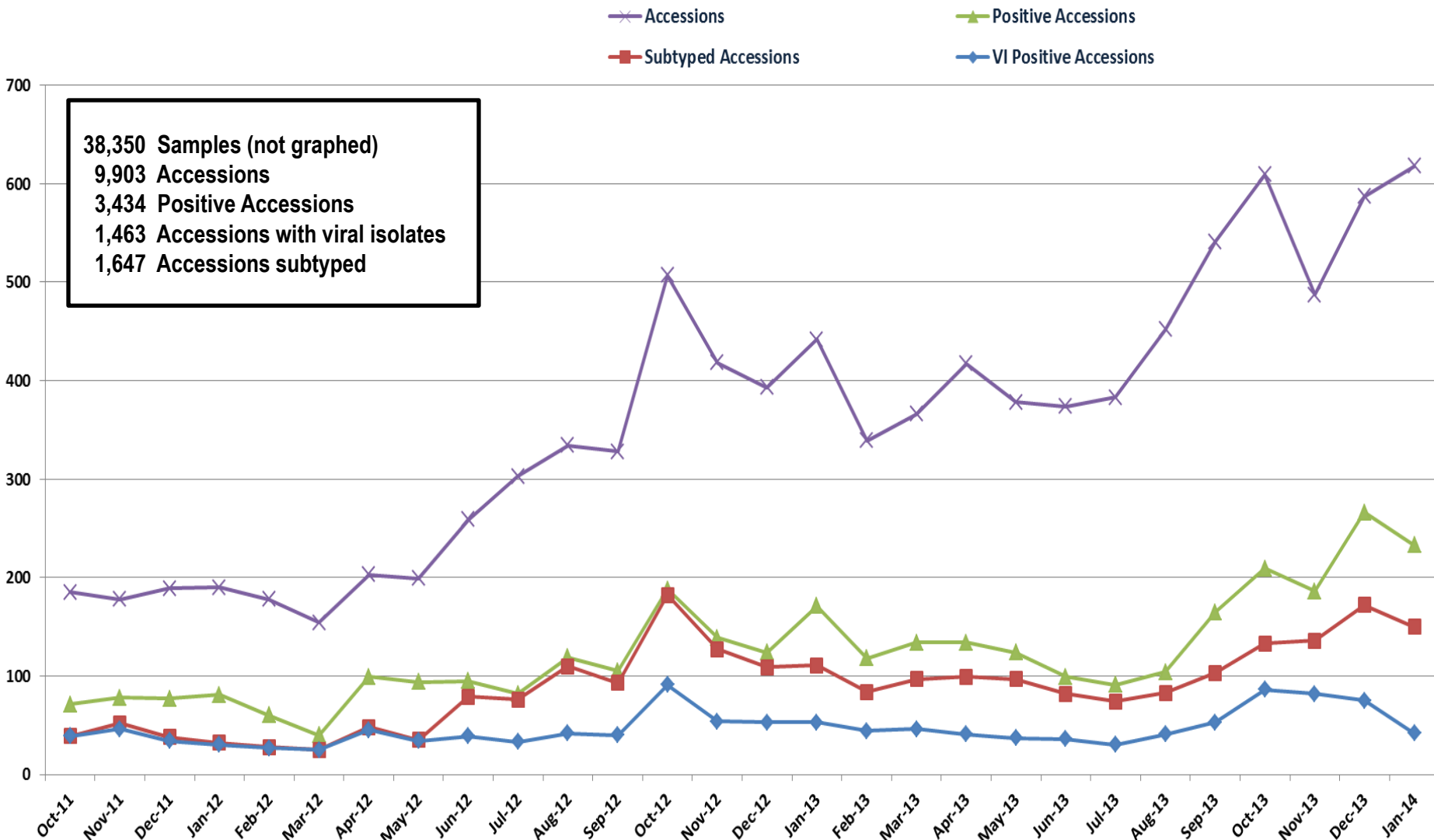
Data Disclaimers:



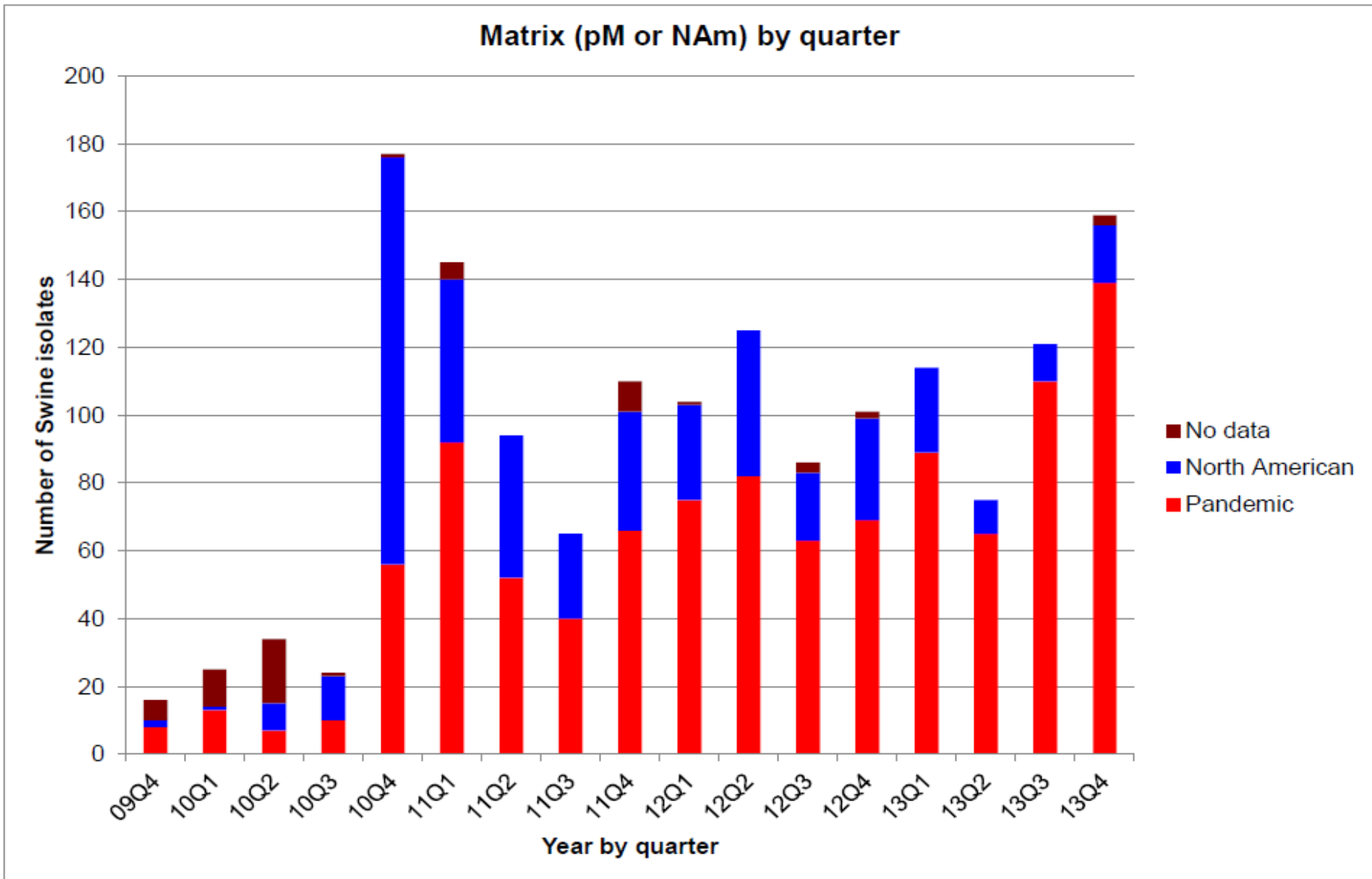
- 1. Surveillance is voluntary, passive, and anonymous**
- 2. Majority of samples submitted are anonymous (known only by state of origin)**
- 3. Does not indicate disease prevalence by**
 - a. time**
 - b. location**
 - c. subtype**
- 4. State-level data summaries are not disclosed externally (internal state stakeholders may get state-specific data)**

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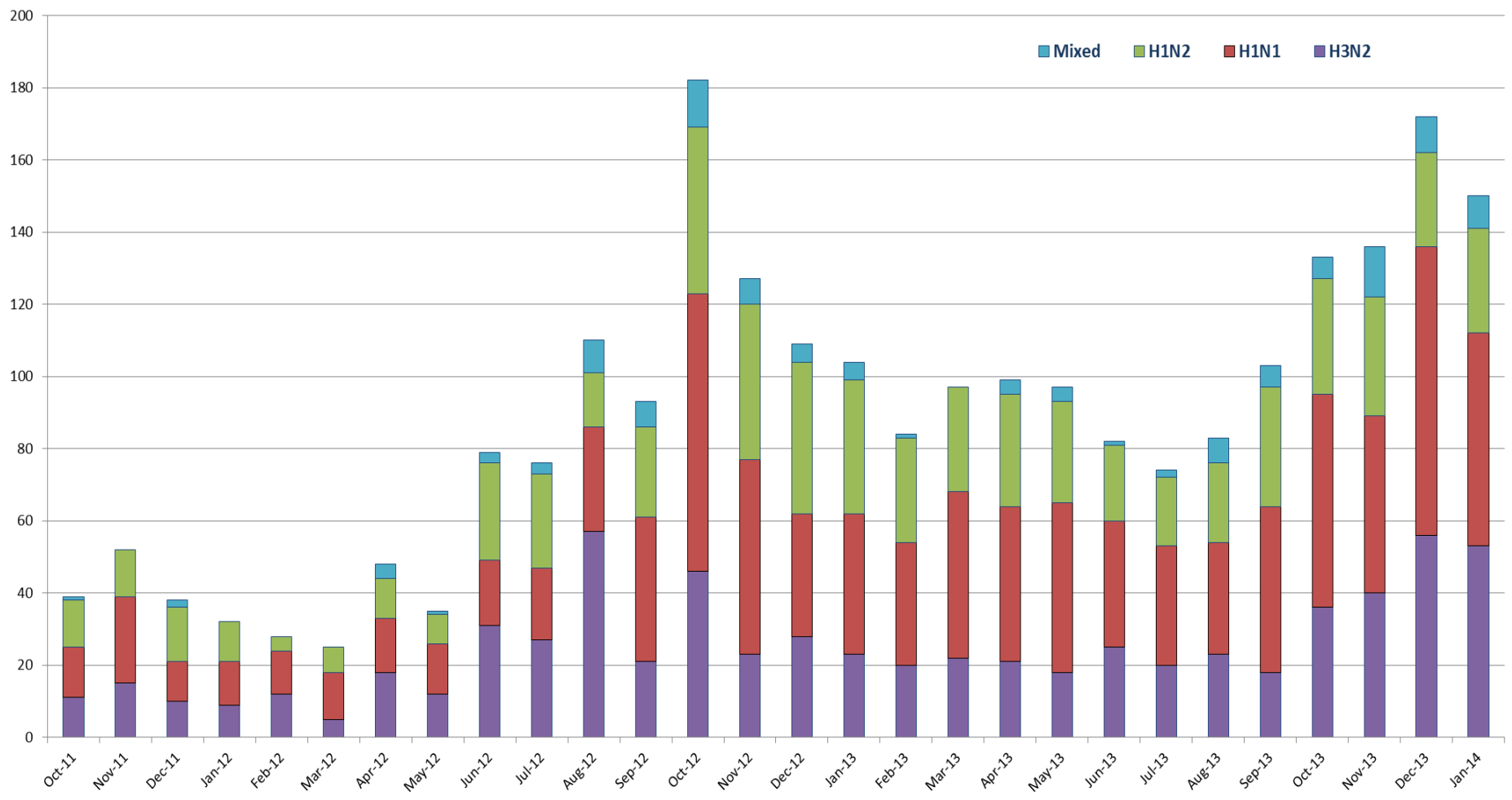
USDA IAV-Swine Surveillance Program Isolation and Characterization Activities - 10/1/2011 - 1/31/2014



Matrix lineage 2009-2013



USDA IAV-Swine Surveillance Program- Subtypes Identified by Month - 10/1/2011 through 1/31/2014

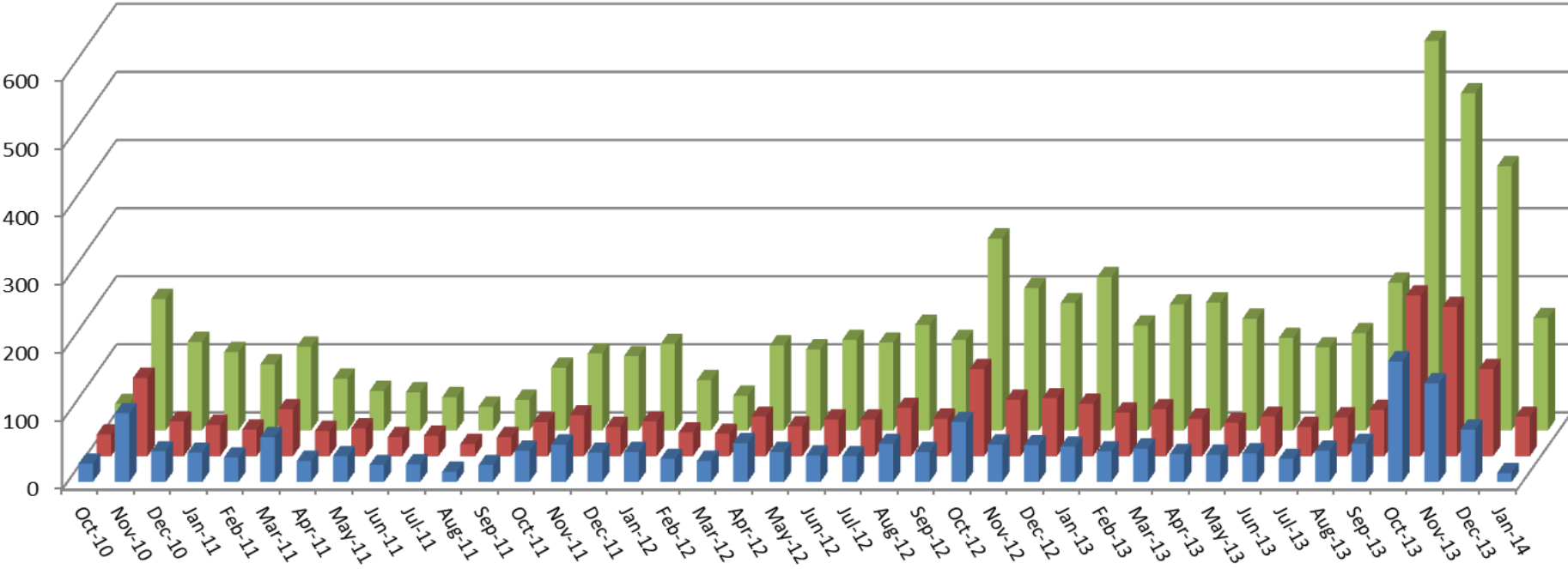


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USDA Influenza A Virus in Swine Surveillance Program Genbank Accessions by Month

- Number of samples sequences to GenBank
- Number of VI-positive samples
- Matrix PCR-positive samples



Totals through January 31, 2014:
 Matrix Positive Samples: 12,084
 VI Positive Samples: 2,699 (22.3%)
 Sequenced Samples: 2,131 (79.0%)

NVSL Roles

Repository

- ~2400 viruses
- Shipped-international, biologics companies, research, PH

Full genome sequencing

- Random viruses received
- Representatives of each subtype (H1N1, H3N2, H1N2)
- Representatives from each submitted state

Confirmatory testing

Public health investigations

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Gaps in Current Effort



- **Data representativeness**
 - **By geography – farm-state-U.S.**
 - **By veterinary clinic**
 - **By production system (interstate movement not tracked)**
- **Isolated data - cannot observe changes over time within populations**
- **Many sequences still not shared – autogenous vaccines, non-participants**

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Summary:

- Influenza A in swine currently very dynamic
- Multiple insertions of human-origin strains into the U.S. swine IAV population since 1998
- Widespread reassortment documented
- The USDA IAV-S Surveillance Program is an opportunity to monitor changes nationally
- Genomic analysis of collected data is intensifying
- Better understanding of within herd and area IAV ecology needed but is not a current function of this program

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It Takes A Village.....Thank You!

- **Producers, practitioners, NAHLN labs for supporting the surveillance and fair investigations**
- **State Animal Health Officials**
- **Local, State, and Federal Public Health**
- **Veterinary Services personnel**
- **Agricultural Research Services personnel**

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