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Agence canadienne d'inspection des aliments

Canadian Food Inspection Agency



Our vision:

To excel as a science-based regulator, trusted and respected by Canadians and the international community.

Our mission:

Dedicated to safeguarding food, animals and plants, which enhances the health and well-being of Canada's people, environment and economy.

Swine influenza surveillance in Canada

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Passive surveillance of swine influenza

- Monitor novel swine influenza viruses in Canadain pigs
- Contributors:
 - Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Initiatives (MAFRI), Winnipeg, Manitoba
 - Veterinary Diagnostics and Epidemiological surveillance complex (MAPAQ) and Bio-Vet, Saint-Hyacinthe, Quebec
 - Animal Health Laboratory (AHL), Guelph, Ontario



Pig production in Canada





Passive surveillance of swine influenza

	H1							
Province	H1	pH1	Beta	Alpha				
Ontario	33	32	-	1				
Quebec	12	10	2	-				
Manitoba	4	3	-	1				
Total	49	45	2	2				







Passive surveillance of swine influenza

	H3					
Province	H3	IV	IV-C	IV-B	IV-F	
Ontario	46	21	15	7	3	
Quebec	10	-	4	-	6	
Manitoba	11	-	-	10	1	
Total	67	21	19	17	10	







Animal Experimental Studies using Novel reassortant EA/NA HPAI H5N1 and H5N2 in pigs

- H5N2 A/Turkey/BC/FAV-0010/2015 (H5N2)
 - 5 gene segments (PB2, PA, HA, M & NS) from EA H5N8 virus
 - 3 gene segments (PB1, NP & NS) from NA wild birds origin AI viruses
- H5N1 A/Chicken/BC/FAV-002/2015 (FAV-002/H5N1)
 - 4 gene segments (PB2, HA, NP, M) from H5N8
 - 4 gene segments (PB1, PA, NA, NS) from North American wild bird origin AI viruses
- Identical H5N1 viruses were isolated from wild ducks in Canada and USA, but FAV-002/H5N1 had 19 AA deletions at the stalk of the NA
- In mice models H5N2, H5N8 and H5N1 viruses moderately pathogenic, but FAV-002/H5N1 (10 PFU) highly pathogenic.





Experimental studies in pigs

- 7 piglets were challenged by intranasal administration of 10⁶ TCID₅₀ of FAV-002/H5N1 or FAV-010/H5N2
- Oral and nasal swabs were taken prior to inoculation and every day for six days post-inoculation (dpi)
- 1 piglet was euthanized on day 3, 4, 5, and 6 DPI & lungs were collected
- Blood was collected at 7 and 14 DPI



Experimental studies in pigs

- No clinical signs were observed in both groups of pigs
- No detectable levels of influenza A virus RNA (Ct values <35) were found by real-time RT-PCR in all oral/nasal swabs and lungs collected
- Only pigs inoculated with H5N1 were able to seroconvert based on cELISA and HI
- No microscopic lesion observed in lungs of pigs inoculated with H5N2
- Histologic lesions were observed in lungs tissues H5N1 infected pigs.



Histopathology and immunohistochemistry (IHC) findings in lungs from FAV-002/H5N1 infected pigs



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